CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TPM 20929, Log No. 05-02-011; Caney Minor Subdivision

2. Lead agency name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666

- 3. a. Contact Nick Martinez, Planner
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3013
 - c. E-mail: Nicholas.Martinez@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project is located at 465 Cole Grade Road in the Valley Center Community Planning Area an unincorporated community of the County of San Diego. APN 133-360-24.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1070, Grid F/5

5. Project sponsor's name and address:

John F. & Mary E. Caney P.O. Box 1145, Valley Center, CA 92082

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Valley Center

Land Use Designation: (17) Estate Residential Density: 1 du/2 or 4 acre(s)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: RR.5 – Rural Residential

Density: 1 du/2 acre(s)

Special Area Regulation: None

- 8. The project is a minor subdivision of a 6.01-acre lot into two residential parcels with sizes of 2.65 and 2.8 acres net. Both parcels will have access to an existing public road (Cole Grade Road). The project will be served by the Valley Center Fire Protection District, the Valley Center Municipal Water District, and individual on-site septic systems. The project will result in the construction of two singlefamily residences and associated accessory structures, driveways and landscaping. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of 4,000 cubic yards of material. The site is currently used for citrus crop production.
- 9. rounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

The site is surrounded to the north east and south by residential uses. Agricultural uses (citrus crops) are located across Cole Grade Road to the west of the site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	<u>Agenc</u>
Minor Grading Permit	County
Tentative Parcel Map	County
County Right-of-Way Permits	County
Construction Permit	
Improvement Plans	County
Septic Tank Permit	County
General Construction Storm water	RWQC
Permit	
Water District Approval	Valley
	Distric

Fire District Approval

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Center Municipal Water **District** Valley Center Fire Protection District **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:** The environmental

factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.				
B H M P U	esthetics iological Resources azards & Haz. Materials lineral Resources ublic Services tilities & Service Systems ERMINATION: (To be co		s	ir Quality eology & Soils and Use & Planning opulation & Housing ransportation/Traffic
On th	ne basis of this initial eval	uation:		
	On the basis of this Initiathat the proposed project environment, and a NEC	ct COULD NOT have	a significant eff	ect on the
	On the basis of this Initial that although the propose environment, there will not the project have been multigated NEGATIVE	sed project could have not be a significant ef nade by or agreed to l	e a significant elect in this case by the project p	ffect on the because revisions in
	On the basis of this Initiathat the proposed project an ENVIRONMENTAL I	ct MAY have a signific	ant effect on th	
			July 6, 2006	
Signa	ature		Date	
Nick	Martinez		Land Use/Env	ironmental Planner
Printe	ed Name		Title	

INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

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	THETICS Would the project: Have a substantial adverse effect o	n a scenic	: vista?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
viewshe County on May and will located the Vall	designated visual resources. Base	official sceed on a site of located existing so Road, bet ea. Theref	enic vistas along major highways or e visit completed by Nick Martinez d near or visible from a scenic vista cenic vista. The project site is ween Miller Road and Ava Lane in fore, the proposed project will not
•	Substantially damage scenic resour outcroppings, and historic buildings		<u> </u>
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by Nick Martinez on May 11, 2005, the proposed project is not located near or visible within the same composite viewshed as a State scenic highway and will not change the visual composition of an existing scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The project site is along the east side of Cole Grade Road, between Miller Road and Ava Lane in the Valley Center Community Planning area and is not visible from an officially designated scenic highway. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing value surroundings?	visual character or quality of the site and its	
L	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless	Less than Significant Impact	
L	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	■ No Impact	

Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding area can be characterized as a diverse mixture of estate residential and agricultural uses.

The proposed project is a residential subdivision which will result in the construction of two single-family residences. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons:

- The existing agricultural crop will visually screen the new residences from Cole Grade Road.
- The surrounding area consists of residential and agricultural uses on lots similar in scale and appearance with the project.
- The site is relatively flat and development of the project will not require significant land alterations.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: the project is similar in scale and appearance to surrounding estate style lots and the project site is relatively flat and will not require significant land alterations. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

advers	se project or cumulative level effect on value area.	,	, ,
d)	Create a new source of substantial lighday or nighttime views in the area?	nt or gla	are, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project proposes a minor residential subdivision, which may include outdoor lighting. Any future outdoor lighting pursuant to this project shall be required to meet the requirements of the County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance (Section 6322-6326) and the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115).

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

<u>II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES</u> -- In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:

·	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farml Importance Farmland), as shown on the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Prog to non-agricultural use?	maps	s prepared pursuant to the
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project site does not contain any lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. In addition, the project does not contain Farmland of Local Importance. Therefore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Farmland of Local Importance will be converted to a non-agricultural use.

The surrounding area within radius of 1 mile has land designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by the staff agricultural specialist and was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons: the project will not result in any circumstance that will disrupt or cause existing agricultural uses on lands containing Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance to cease operations. The area surrounding the project site currently supports both agricultural and residential uses. Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

<u>III. AIR QUALITY</u> -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
used in emissio Air Qua Resourd the RAC projectio	development of the RAQS and SII ns of significant quantities of criter lity Standards or toxic air contamir	P. Operations of the policy of	ts listed in the California Ambient entified by the California Air not expected to conflict with either sistent the SANDAG growth
	/iolate any air quality standard or corojected air quality violation?	contribute s	substantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) has established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. For CEQA purposes, these screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Quality Handbook for the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), which has stricter standards for emissions of ROCs/VOCs than San Diego's, is appropriate. However, the eastern portions of the county have atmospheric conditions that are characteristic of the Southeast Desert Air Basin (SEDAB). SEDAB is not classified as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone and therefore has a less restrictive screening-level. Projects located in the eastern portions of the County can use the SEDAB screening-level threshold for VOCs.

The project proposes a residential subdivision which will result in the grading and construction of two residential structures. Preliminary grading plans indicate a balanced cut/fill of 4,000 cubic yards of material. However, grading operations associated with

the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

, v	Result in a cumulatively considerable now which the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precure.	ent und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM_{10} , NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM_{10} and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in

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24 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM₁₀.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O₃ precursors.

Expose consitive recenters to substantial pollutant concentrations?

u) i	-xpose sensitive receptors to substantia	i poliu	ttant concentrations:
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Grade),	lity regulators typically define sensitive re, hospitals, resident care facilities, or day ndividuals with health conditions that would be used.	/-care	centers, or other facilities that may
have no which the Further are ass	a site visit conducted by Nick Martinez of been identified within a quarter-mile (the dilution of pollutants is typically signif more, no point-source emissions of air pociated with the project. As such, the project to excessive levels of air pollutants	he rac icant) oolluta roject	dius determined by the SCAQMD in of the proposed project. nts (other than vehicle emissions)
e) (Create objectionable odors affecting a su	ubstar	ntial number of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors is anticipated.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the	proje	ct:
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, eithe on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regul Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	e, sen ations	sitive, or special status species in s, or by the California Department of
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
Based on an analysis of the County's Geograp the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Nick Martinez on May 11, 2005, it has been decompletely disturbed and contains no native verspecies identified as a candidate, sensitive, or plans, policies, or regulations, or by the Califor Fish and Wildlife Service would be expected to	re Spetermi egetat speci nia D	ecies, site photos, and a site visit by ned that the site has been tion or habitats. Therefore, no al status species in local or regional epartment of Fish and Game or U.S
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on an natural community identified in local or r the California Department of Fish and G	egior	nal plans, policies, regulations or by
☐ Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

County staff, Nick Martinez, has conducted a site visit on May 11, 2005 and determined that the proposed project site does not contain any riparian habitats or other sensitive natural communities as defined by the County of San Diego Resource Protection Ordinance, Natural Community Conservation Plan, Fish and Game Code, Endangered Species Act, Clean Water Act, or any other local or regional plans, policies or regulations. In addition, no riparian or otherwise sensitive habitat has been identified within or adjacent to the area proposed for off-site impacts resulting from road improvements, utility extensions, etc. Therefore, the project is not expected to have direct or indirect impacts from development on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community.

Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?
 Potentially Significant Impact
 Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated
 No Impact

Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated May 1, 2006 for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP) Special Area Management Plans (SAMP) or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat Loss Permit (HLP).

a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the s	<u>V.</u>	CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:
,	a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the si

1. 00	ETOTAL REGOOTION	Jjoot.	
,	Cause a substantial adverse change in tage defined in 15064.5?	the sig	gnificance of a historical resource
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
ت Discus	Mitigation Incorporated sion/Explanation:		Tto impaot
County there a site. T <i>Resoul</i>	on an analysis of records and a survey of staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on July are no impacts to historical resources because the results of the survey are provided in a crees Survey Report for: TPM 20929, Logision; Negative Survey", prepared by Gardinian	22, 20 cause a cultu g No. (005, it has been determined that they do not occur within the project ural resources report titled, "Cultural 05-02-011 – Caney Minor
•	Cause a substantial adverse change in tresource pursuant to 15064.5?	the sig	gnificance of an archaeological
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by a County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on July 22, 2005, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological survey report entitled, "Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20929, Log No. 05-02-011 - Caney Minor Subdivision; Negative Survey", prepared by Gail Wright, dated July 22, 2005.

	nitial Study, 1929, Log No. 05-02-011	- 15 -	July 6, 2006
,	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique of the cologic feature?	ue paleonto	ological resource or site or unique
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
History produci 2005, n	w of the paleontological maps provindicates that the project is located ng fossil remains. Additionally, ba o known unique geologic features ate vicinity.	d on igneou sed on a si	s rock and has no potential for te visit by Nick Martinez on May 11,
,	Disturb any human remains, includ cemeteries?	ing those ir	nterred outside of formal
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by a County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on July 22, 2005, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. The results of the survey are provided in a cultural resources report titled, "Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20929, Log No. 05-02-011 – Caney Minor Subdivision; Negative Survey", prepared by Gail Wright, dated July 22, 2005.			
	OLOGY AND SOILS Would the		
,	expose people or structures to poto isk of loss, injury, or death involvin		antial adverse effects, including the
i	Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fa	ault Zoning er substant	s delineated on the most recent Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault? Special Publication 42.
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California. Also, staff has reviewed the project and has concluded that no other substantial evidence of recent (Holocene) fault activity is present within the project site. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known hazard zone as a result of this project.

ii. Strong seismic ground snaking?	ſ			
Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant UnlessMitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:				
The project is located within 5 kilometers of the centerline of a known active-fault zone as defined within the Uniform Building Code's Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California. To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements Chapter 16 Section 162-Earthquake Design as outlined within the California Building Code. Section 162 requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved by a County Structural Engineer before the issuance of a building or grading permit. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking as a result of this project.				
iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:				

The geology of the project site is identified as Cretaceous Plutonic. This geologic environment is not susceptible to ground failure from seismic activity. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure.

Landslides? iv.

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☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity.		
o) Result in substantial soil erosion of	or the loss of t	opsoil?
Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant UnlessMitigation Incorporated	_	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as FaD2 (Fallbrook sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded), FaC2 (Fallbrook sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes, eroded), and BIC (Bonsall sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes) that have a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Stormwater Management Plan prepared by Grabhorn Engineering Corp dated September 29, 2005 and received by DPLU on October 13, 2005. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site: Construction BMPs such as silt fences, gravel bag berms, material delivery and storage, vehicle and equipment maintenance, fiber rolls, stormdrain inlet protection, stabilized construction entrance/exit, and solid waste management and Post- Construction BMPs such as bio-filters.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

c)

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

Will the project produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse

impacts resulting from landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
potentia Martine produce	The project is not located on or near geological formations that are unstable or would potentially become unstable as a result of the project. On a site visit conducted by Nick Martinez on May 11, 2005, no geological formations or features were noted that would produce unstable geological conditions as a result of the project. For further information refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., i-iv listed above.			
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			

The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils on-site are FaD2 (Fallbrook sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded), FaC2 (Fallbrook sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent

slopes, eroded), and BIC (Bonsall sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes). However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

e)	Have soils incapable of adequately suppalternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
(OSW site se conformation included code permited space (DEH) incorped permited permi	roject proposes to discharge domestic ways, also known as septic systems. The perfic system located on each proposed perm to the Regional Water Quality Controling the Regional Basin Plan and the Cali Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authors for OSWS "to ensure that systems are d, constructed and maintained." The RW y have authorized the County of San Diesto to issue certain OSWS permits througher orated cities. DEH has reviewed the OS Land and Water Quality Division's, "Ones as and Design Criteria." The County of San approved the project's OSWS on December of San Design Criteria. The County of San approved the project's OSWS on December of San Design Criteria. The County of San approved the project's OSWS on December of San Design Criteria. The County of San Sand Design Criteria. The County of Sand Sand Design Criteria.	project arcel. Board fornia arize a adequate WS label with the wind and a control of the archest arche	t involves the use of a standard on Discharged wastewater must d's (RWQCB) applicable standards Water Code. California Water local public agency to issue uately designed, located, sized, s with jurisdiction over San Diego epartment of Environmental Health e County and within the ey-out for the project pursuant to astewater Systems: Permitting lego Department of Environmental 15, 2004. Therefore, the project of septic tanks or alternative authorized, local public agency. In County Code of Regulatory and Seepage Pits. Would the project:
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

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Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
it does Substa	roject will not create a significant has not propose the storage, use, tran ances, nor are Hazardous Substan diate vicinity.	nsport, emis	
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
compo	roject will not contain, handle, or stounds that would present a significations substances.	• •	
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or hand substances, or waste within one-q		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
	roject is not located within one-qua fore, the project will not have any e		•
d)	Be located on a site which is inclu compiled pursuant to Government it create a significant hazard to the	Code Secti	on 65962.5 and, as a result, would

☐ Potentially Significant Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated

The project is not located on a site listed in the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5.

 $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$

No Impact

Less than Significant Impact

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e)	For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for parea?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
airport constr safety	roposed project is not located within a Cos; or within two miles of a public airport. uction of any structure equal to or greate hazard to aircraft and/or operations from t will not constitute a safety hazard for pe	Also, er than n an ai	the project does not propose 150 feet in height, constituting a rport or heliport. Therefore, the
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a priva safety hazard for people residing or wor		• •
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
	roposed project is not within one mile of a constitute a safety hazard for people re		
g)	Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation		
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
The fo	llowing sections summarize the project's	s consi	stency with applicable emergency

response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i.

OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

,	Expose people or structures to a sign wildland fires, including where wildlan where residences are intermixed with	ids are a	djacent to urbanized areas or
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, Tentative Parcel Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated May 24, 2006 have been received from the Valley Center Fire Protection District. The conditions from the Valley Center Fire Protection District include: road improvements and mandated protection requirements. Also, a Fire Protection Plan dated July 2005 and prepared by RC Biological Consulting was submitted to meet the requirements of Article 86, Section 8601 of the California Fire Code. The Fire Protection Plan has been reviewed and approved by the Valley Center Fire Protection District and the County Fire Marshal. Recommendations for project design proposed in the Fire Protection Plan include a Limited Building Zone for fuel modification purposes. Therefore, based on the review of the project and the Fire Protection Plan by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Valley Center Fire Protection District's conditions, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, rat	ase current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact
Ц	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	✓	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Nick Martinez on May 11, 2005, there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

☐ Potentially Significant Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated

VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:			
a)	Violate any waste discharge requiremen	ts?	
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
dwelling application that the Quality be required by extent minimical such a yard wenable Planning Munici County Urban	oject proposes a minor subdivision resulting units which requires a General Construent has provided a copy of a Stormwater e project will comply with all requirements. Board and Watershed Protection Ordinauired to implement the following site designand/or treatment control BMPs to reduce practicable from entering storm water ruzing impervious surfaces and incorporating stormwater runoff pollution fact sheets ork, and Treatment Control BMPs such a the project to meet waste discharge requiring for New Development and Redevelop pal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-y Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Manageme Stormwater Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).	uction Mana s of th ance. ign me poter noff: ng lar preve as bio- uirem ment 01), a nt Pro	Stormwater Permit. The project gement Plan which demonstrates are San Diego Regional Water. The project site proposes and will easures and/or source control ntial pollutants to the maximum Site Design BMPs such as a dscaping, Source Control BMPs ention tip sheets, and prevention filters. These measures will ents as required by the Land-Use Component of the San Diego is implemented by the San Diego gram (JURMP) and Standard
ensure related County regulat	the project's conformance to the waste the project will not create cumulatively to waste discharge because, through the wide watershed standards in the JURMI tion to address human health and water of the contribute to a cumulatively considerable trges.	consine perreparts Pand quality	derable water quality impacts mit, the project will conform to SUSMP, derived from State concerns. Therefore, the project
,	Is the project tributary to an already impa Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, cou pollutant for which the water body is alre	ld the	project result in an increase in any

✓ Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

The project lies in the 903.12/Bonsall hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, although the mouth of the San Luis Rey impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the San Luis Rey River, which is tributary to the Pacific Ocean, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the San Luis Rey River watershed include coliform bacteria, nitrate, sediment, and pesticides.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: construction and residential activities including yard and orchard maintenance. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: Site Design BMPs such as minimizing impervious surfaces and incorporating landscaping, Source Control BMPs such as stormwater runoff pollution fact sheets, prevention tip sheets, and prevention yard work, and Treatment Control BMPs such as bio-filters.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and stormwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Stormwater Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of stormwater as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Stormwater Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

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, ,	Could the proposed project cause or co surface or groundwater receiving water peneficial uses?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the 903.12/Bonsall hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply; industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: construction and residential activities including yard and orchard maintenance. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: Site Design BMPs such as minimizing impervious surfaces and incorporating landscaping, Source Control BMPs such as stormwater runoff pollution fact sheets, prevention tip sheets, and prevention yard work, and Treatment Control BMPs such as bio-filters.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, stormwater and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and stormwater planning and permitting process.

d) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-

Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The project proposes a two lots minor subdivision. As outlined in the Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) dated September 29, 2005 and prepared by Grabhorn Engineering Corp, the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering stormwater runoff: bio-filters and rip-raps. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMPs that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any on-site and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these

factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on-or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

-				
f)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pa through the alteration of the course of a str the rate or amount of surface runoff in a m on- or off-site?	rean	n or river, or substantially increase	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Z	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			
signif	proposed project will not significantly alter es icantly increase the amount of runoff for the age Study prepared by Grabhorn Engineerin	follo	owing reasons, based on a	
a.	Drainage will be conveyed to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities.			
area, increa or off- or a d	efore, the project will not substantially alter the including through the alteration of the course of ase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a master. Moreover, the project will not contribute the rainage pattern or increase in the rate or amountially increase water surface elevation or run	of a s anno to a unt o	stream or river, or substantially er which would result in flooding on- cumulatively considerable alteration of runoff, because the project will	
g)	Create or contribute runoff water which wo planned storm water drainage systems?	uld	exceed the capacity of existing or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Z I	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems.

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h) l	h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
resident site des employ practica incorport fact she BMPs s	oject proposes the following potential activities including yard and orch sign measures and/or source control red such that potential pollutants will able: Site Design BMPs such as minorating landscaping, Source Control Elects, prevention tip sheets, and prevention as bio-filters. Refer to VIII Hydroner information.	ard main BMPs ar be reduc- imizing ir BMPs suc- ention ya	tenance. However, the following and/or treatment control BMPs will be ed in runoff to the maximum extent appervious surfaces and the as stormwater runoff pollution and work, and Treatment Control		
i) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site; therefore, no impact will occur.					
	Place within a 100-year flood hazard redirect flood flows?	area stru	ictures which would impede or		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				

No 100-year flood hazard areas were identified on the project site; therefore, no impact

will occur.

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•	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding, including flooding as a result of		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
dam in the pro flood th	oject site lies outside any identified spect undation area for a major dam/reservoir ject is not located immediately downstre ne property. Therefore, the project will n jury or death involving flooding.	within am of	San Diego County. In addition, a minor dam that could potentially
I)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	ow?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
i. :	SEICHE		
	oject site is not located along the shoreli inundated by a seiche.	ne of a	a lake or reservoir; therefore, could
ii.	TSUNAMI		
	oject site is located more than a mile from	m the	coast; therefore, in the event of a
iii. I	MUDFLOW		
	w is type of landslide. The site is locate tibility zone. However, the project area		,

existing or potential conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the

project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

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IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

a) Physically divide an established community?

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	nitial Study, - : 929, Log No. 05-02-011	31 -	July 6, 2006	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	ion/Explanation:			
water si	ject does not propose the introducing upply systems, or utilities to the areast the disrupt or divide the established	a. Therefo		
jı p	Conflict with any applicable land use urisdiction over the project (including lan, local coastal program, or zoning woiding or mitigating an environmer	g, but not g ordinan	limited to the general plan, specific ce) adopted for the purpose of	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	ion/Explanation:			
The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy 1.3 Estate Development Area (EDA) and General Plan Land Use Designation (17) Estate Residential. The General Plan requires minimum gross parcel sizes of 2 acres. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the Valley Center Community Plan, one of which discourages extensive or severe grading for residential development. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the Valley Center Community Plan. The current zone is RR.5 – Rural Residential, which requires a net minimum lot size of 2 acres. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.				
 X. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project: a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? 				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	Discussion/Explanation:			

The lands within the project site do not have a Mineral Land Classification from the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of

Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997); but the site is not located within an alluvial river valley that has a significant source of replenishment or is underlain by coastal marine/non-marine granular deposits. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			
The project site is zoned RR – Rural Residential, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).				
Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan will occur as a result of this project.				
 XI. NOISE Would the project result in: a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? 				
[v	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

The project is a two-Lot minor subdivision and will be occupied by local residents. Based on a site visit completed by Nick Martinez on May 11, 2005, the surrounding area supports large lot residential and agricultural uses and is occupied by residents and farm workers. The project will expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reason:

General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may

expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is expected to expose onsite future noise sensitive areas to road noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours) and a review by County Noise Specialist, John Bennett, on July 1, 2005. The staff specialist prepared a more precise estimate of the 60-dBA CNEL contour on this project and found that this contour is potentially 360 feet from the centerline of Cole Grade Road. No proposed pads lie inside this contour but a significant portion of Parcel 1 could be used for noise sensitive uses in the future. A Noise Protection Easement for any new residential development or noise sensitive applications within 360 feet of the centerline of Cole Grade Road will be placed on Parcel 1. With this Noise Protection Easement, the project will be in conformance on site to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b).

Additionally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for existing noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

,	Exposure of persons to or generation or generation or groundborne noise levels?	of exces	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project proposes a two-lot residential subdivision where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are setback 200 feet from any public road or transit Right-of-Way with projected vibration contours of 65 VdB or more; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 200 feet ensures that the operations do not have any chance of being impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment* 1995). In addition, the setback ensures that the project will not be affected

by any past, present or future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

c)	A substantial permanent increase in am above levels existing without the project	noise levels in the project vicinity
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: air conditioners and recreational activities. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on a review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
increas extracti drilling,	oject does not involve any uses that es in ambient noise levels in the prove industry; outdoor commercial or grinding, or blasting of raw materia for outdoor sound systems.	oject vicini industrial (uses that involve crushing, cutting,		
of the C State re operation 410. All excess Therefo	Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75 dB between the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.				
r t	For a project located within an airponot been adopted, within two miles he project expose people residing onoise levels?	of a public	airport or public use airport, would		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
airports will not	oposed project is not located within or within 2 miles of a public airport expose people residing or working noise levels.	t or public ι	use airport. Therefore, the project		
•	For a project within the vicinity of a people residing or working in the pro	•			
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

	ive airport-related noise levels.	siding	or working in the project area to
a) 	DPULATION AND HOUSING Would to Induce substantial population growth in proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	an are or ind	ea, either directly (for example, by
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
the pro restricti followir industri homes amend	oposed project will not induce substantial ject does not propose any physical or relion to or encourage population growth ing: new or extended infrastructure or putal facilities; large-scale residential deve to commercial or multi-family use; or regments, specific plan amendments, zone ations; or LAFCO annexation actions.	egulato n an a lblic fa lopme gulato	ory change that would remove a rea including, but limited to the acilities; new commercial or ent; accelerated conversion of ry changes including General Plan
,	Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?	g hous	sing, necessitating the construction
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
•	oposed project will not displace existing dition of two dwelling units will yield a ne		•
	Displace substantial numbers of people, replacement housing elsewhere?	nece	ssitating the construction of
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

The proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people since the site is currently vacant.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
 - i. Fire protection?
 - ii. Police protection?
 - iii. Schools?
 - iv. Parks?
 - v. Other public facilities?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: the Valley Center Municipal Water District, the Valley Center Fire Protection District, and the Valley Center-Pauma Unified School District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

XIV. RECREATION

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

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Potentially Significant Impact

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✓ Less than Significant Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated No Impact	ш	r otortially olgrilloant impact	بخا	Loss than Olgrinoant impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

, (Does the project include recreation expansion of recreational facilities, on the environment?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

<u>хv. т</u> а)	RANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would Cause an increase in traffic which is su load and capacity of the street system either the number of vehicle trips, the vehicle trips at intersections)?	ibstant (i.e., re	ial in relation to the existing traffic esult in a substantial increase in
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
DPW served to exist additional operate impacts the properties additional the road on traffic additional traf	roposed project will result in an additional staff and was determined not to result in a trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads sting conditions for the following reasons and trips. Given the County's traffic threating at LOS F and 200 ADT on a road opts to a road segment. Using SANDAG's oject would generate less than five peak and trips to a critical move threshold - each of the trips to a critical move threshold - each one twork. Therefore, the project will not fice volume, which is considered substantity of the street system. Also refer to the	n a sub s, or co s: The esholds peratin s estim c hour f specia not hav ntial in	estantial increase in the number of ongestion at intersections in relation proposed project generates 24 is (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road g at LOS E there would be no direct ate for AM and PM peak hour trips, trips and will not exceed the five lly when the trips are distributed on re a significant direct project impact relation to existing traffic load and
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion ror highways?	•	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The proposed project will result in an additional 24 ADT. The project was reviewed by DPW staff and was determined not to exceed a level of service (LOS) standard at the direct project level for the following reasons: The proposed project generate 24 additional trips. Given the County's traffic thresholds (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road

operating at LOS F and 200 ADT on a road operating at LOS E there would be no direct impacts to a road segment. Using SANDAG's estimate for AM and PM peak hour trips, the project would generate less than five peak hour trips and will not exceed the five additional trips to a critical move threshold - especially when the trips are distributed on the road network. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.

However, the County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in an adopted planning document, as referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 24 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated county that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits.

c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
adjacen	posed project is located outside of an it to any public or private airports; there in air traffic patterns.	•	
	Substantially increase hazards due to a dangerous intersections) or incompatib		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
•	posed project will not alter traffic patte atible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on e		
e) F	Result in inadequate emergency acces	s?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Center emerge	posed project will not result in inadequal Fire protection District has reviewed the ncy access roadways and has determing proposed. Additionally, roads used wireds.	e prop	osed project and associated at there is adequate emergency fire
f) F	Result in inadequate parking capacity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	☑	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.

	1 0 1	`	•
•	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or paragraphs are partial transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycles)	_	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
require	oject does not propose any hazards or be d improvements will be constructed to main rians and bicyclists.		·
a) I	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS NExceed wastewater treatment requirement Quality Control Board?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves one standard on-site septic system located on each proposed parcel. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on December 15, 2004. Therefore, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB as determined by the authorized, local public agency.

No Impact

Potentially Significant Unless

Mitigation Incorporated

The project requires water service from the Valley Center Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Valley Center Municipal Water District has been provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

,	Result in a determination by the wastew may serve the project that it has adequa projected demand in addition to the prov	te cap	pacity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
system	oposed project will rely completely on an n); therefore, the project will not interfere e capacity.		, ,
•	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	d capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?

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Potentially Significant ImpactPotentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE: a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		
Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact
Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. There is no substantial evidence that there are biological or cultural resources that are affected or associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past

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projects, the effects of other current projects)?	jects, a	and the effects of probable future
Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Spanish Trails	TM 5173
Shumaker, Richard & Janelle	TPM 20635
Monica/Calamia	TM 5272
Tavolada	TM 5150
Weston Co. –Valley Center	TM 5301
McCowan and Dunckel TPM	TPM 20897
Christman	TPM 20738

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes a Transportation Impact Fee imposed on new building permits. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population

and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to the following water quality and traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes preconstruction and post-construction BMPs, a Transportation Impact Fee imposed on new building permits and a noise easement placed over a portion of one of the proposed parcels. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

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XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

- "Cultural Resources Survey Report for: TPM 20929, Log No. 05-02-011 – Caney Minor Subdivision; Negative Survey," prepared by Gail Wright, dated July 22, 2005.
- Drainage Report for Tentative Parcel Map No. 20929 Environmental Log: 05-02-011. Grabhorn Engineering. January 16, 2006.
- Fire Protection Plan for Cole Grade Minor Subdivision TPM 20929 ER 05-02-011. Robin Church. RC Biological Consulting. July 2005.
- Stormwater Management Plan. Richard Grabhorn. Grabhorn Engineering Corp. September 29, 2006.

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900,

- effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

 (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.gov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

AIR QUALITY

- CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)
- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

BIOLOGY

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.sandiego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.

- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5th Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Laboratory.
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 Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
 Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
 (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Consultation Handbook: Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1998. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Environmental Assessment and Land Protection Plan for the Vernal Pools Stewardship Project. Portland, Oregon. 1997.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Vernal Pools of Southern California Recovery Plan. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region One, Portland, Oregon, 1998. (ecos.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Birds of conservation concern 2002. Division of Migratory. 2002. (<u>migratorybirds.fws.gov</u>)

CULTURAL RESOURCES

- California Health & Safety Code. §18950-18961, State Historic Building Code. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §5020-5029, Historical Resources. (<u>www.leginfo.ca.gov</u>)
- California Health & Safety Code. §7050.5, Human Remains. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, (AB 978), 2001. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code §5024.1, Register of Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5031-5033, State Landmarks. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097-5097.6, Archaeological, Paleontological, and Historic Sites. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097.9-5097.991, Native American Heritage. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)

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- U.S. Code including: American Antiquities Act (16 USC §431-433) 1906. Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (16 USC §461-467), 1935. Reservoir Salvage Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1960. Department of Transportation Act (49 USC §303) 1966. National Historic Preservation Act (16 USC §470 et seq.) 1966. National Environmental Policy Act (42 USC §4321) 1969. Coastal Zone Management Act (16 USC §1451) 1972. National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 USC §1431) 1972. Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1974. Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 USC §35) 1976. American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC §1996 and 1996a) 1978. Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC §470aa-mm) 1979. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 USC §3001-3013) 1990. Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (23 USC §101, 109) 1991. American Battlefield Protection Act (16 USC 469k) 1996. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

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